

Global sharing of exotic species: the relative importance of trade and climate

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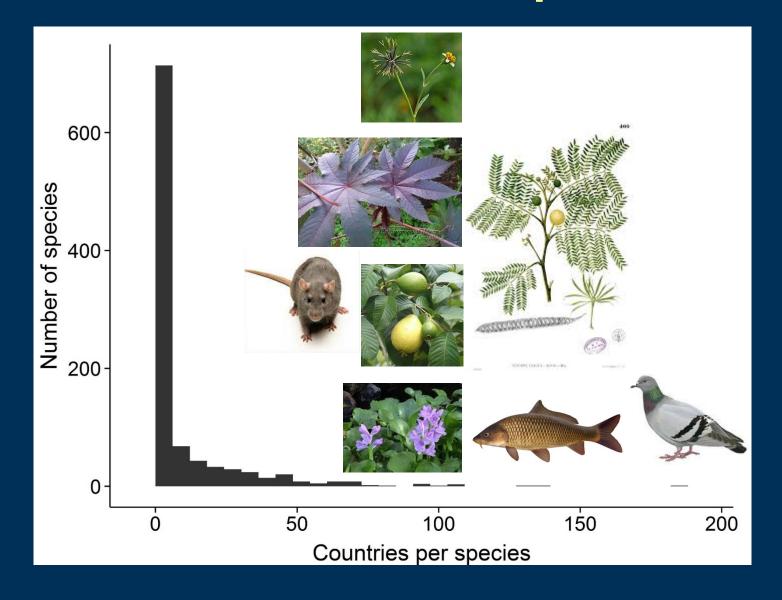
Understanding drivers of invasion risk

- Attributes of species
- Attributes of source and recipient communities
- Linkages between communities



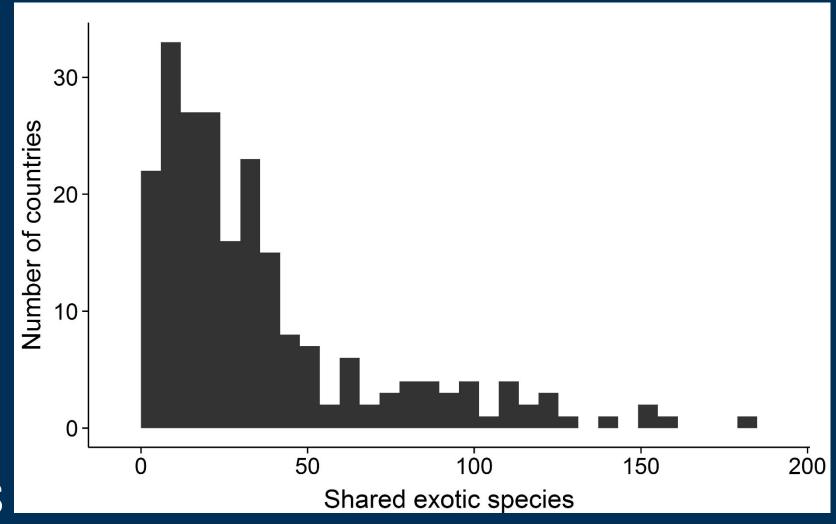


Global distributions of exotic species





How many exotic species are shared between the US and other countries worldwide?



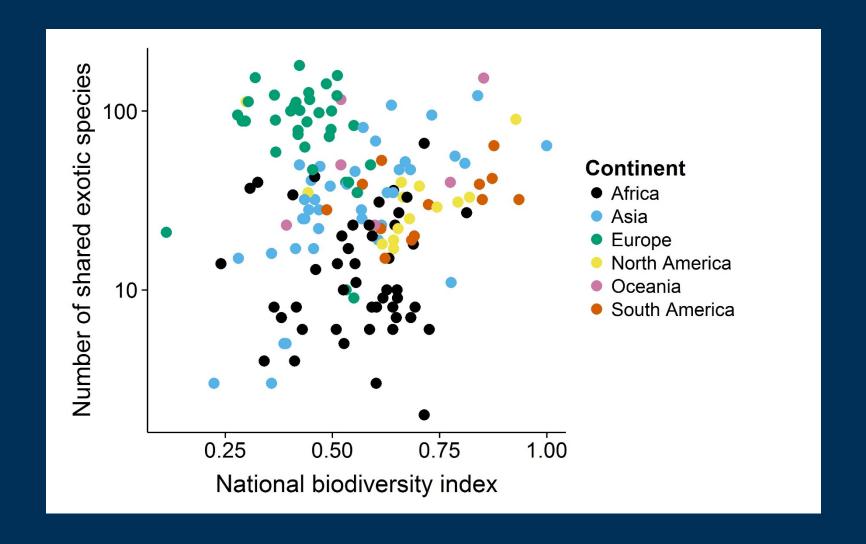


Processes affecting exotic distributions

- Diversity
- Disturbance
- Area
- Climate
- Dispersal potential:
 - Distance
 - Trade

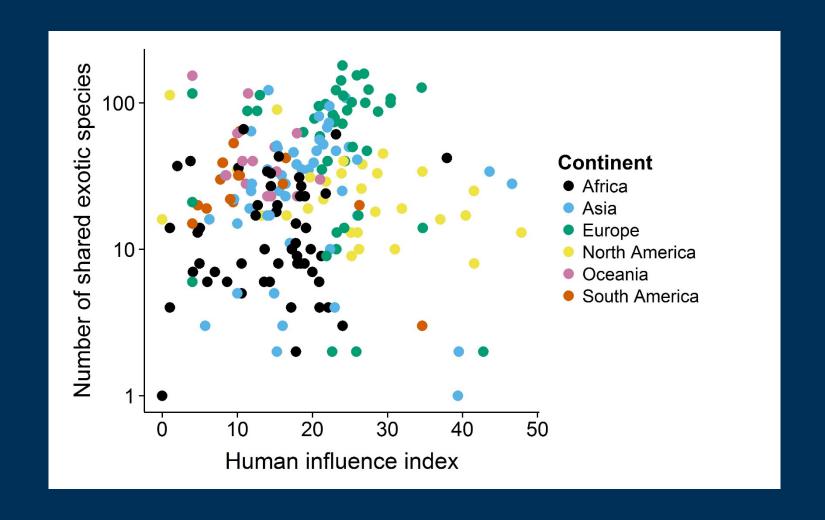


Biological diversity



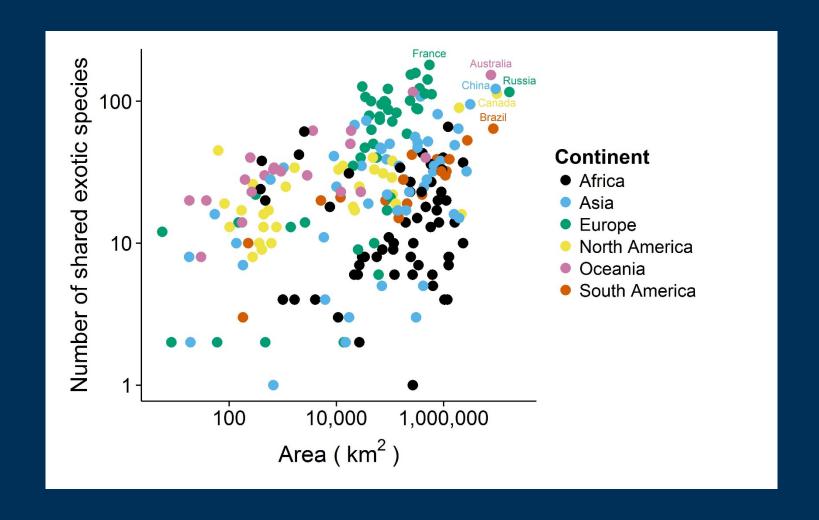


Human disturbance



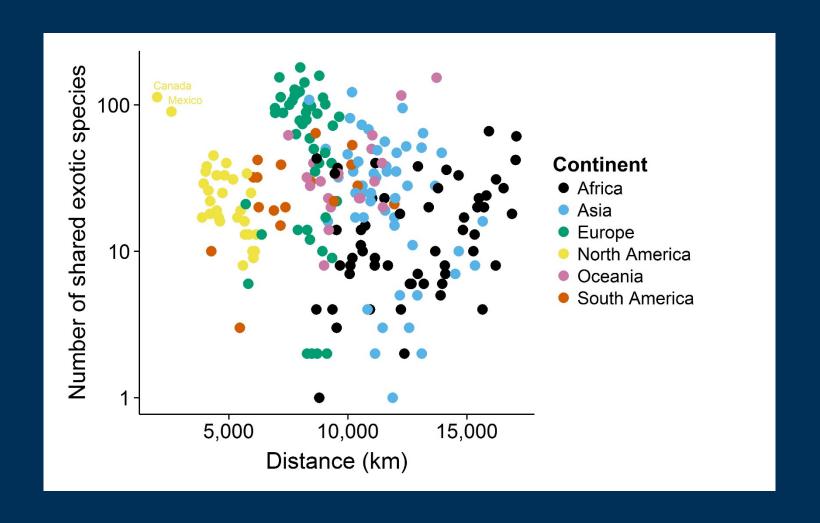


Area



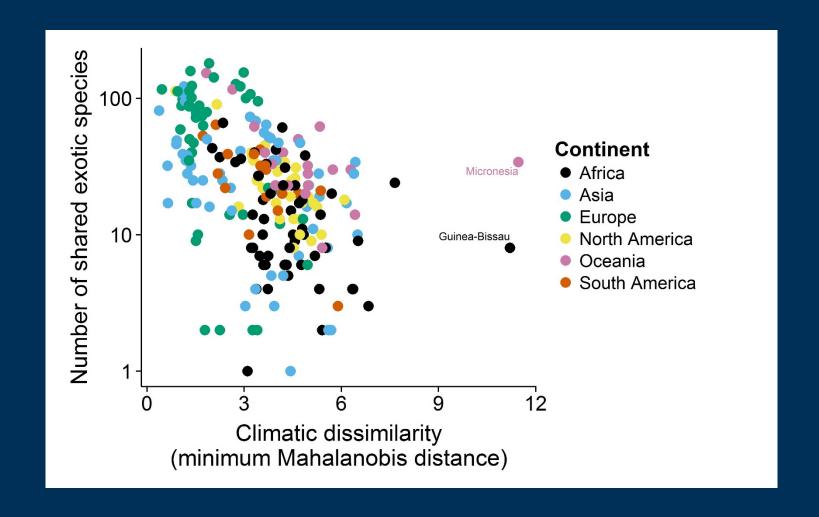


Geographic distance



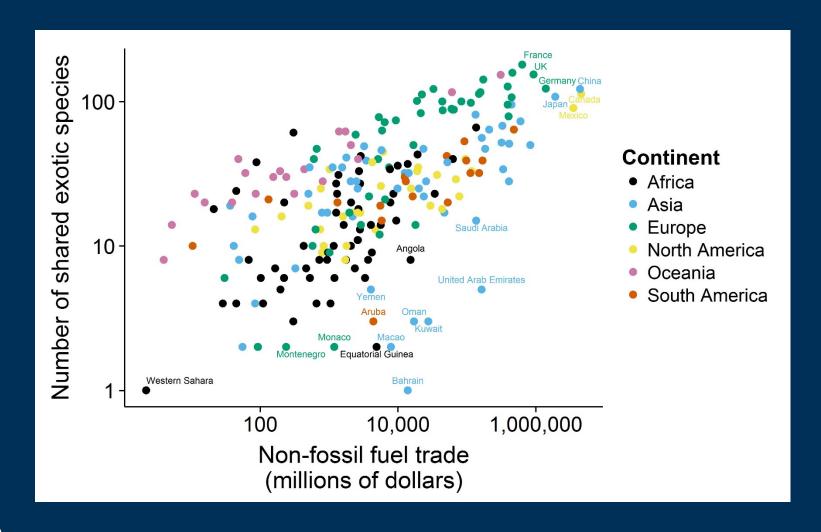


Climate



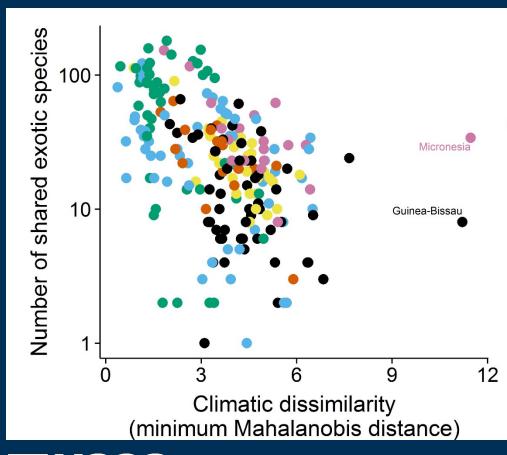


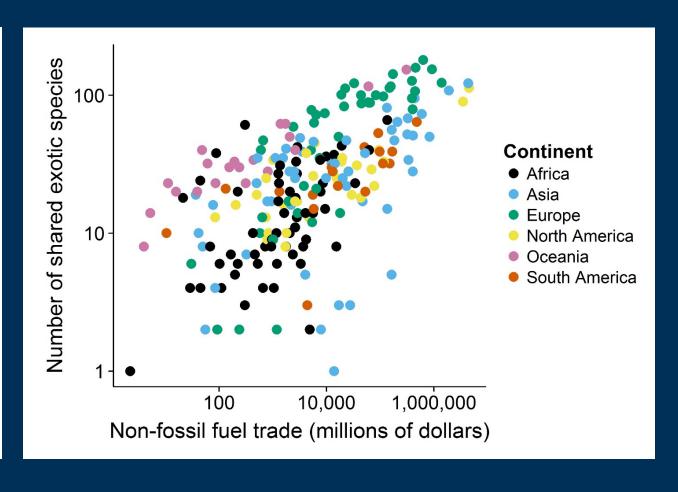
Trade





Relative importance of trade and climate





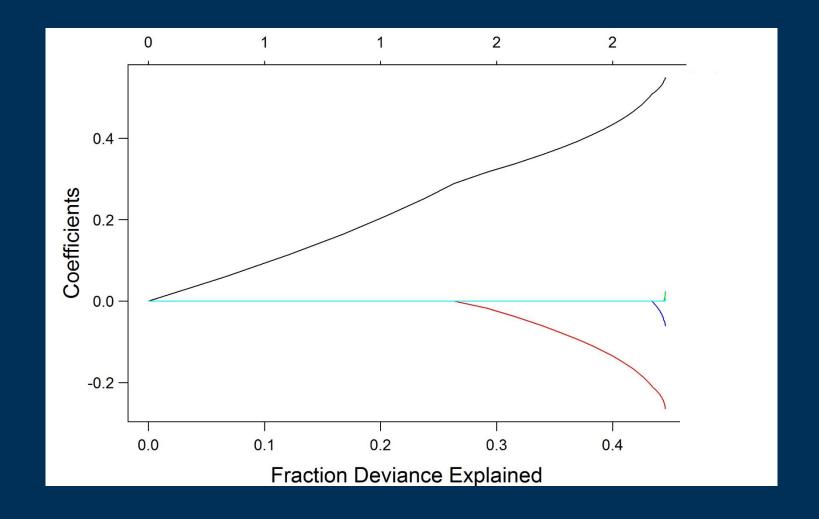


Statistical methods:

- 1. Evaluated and dropped National Biodiversity Index
 - Missing values for island and small nations
 - No evidence for an effect
- 2. Estimated relative importance all other variables
 - Lasso regression
- 3. Evaluated role of different types of trade

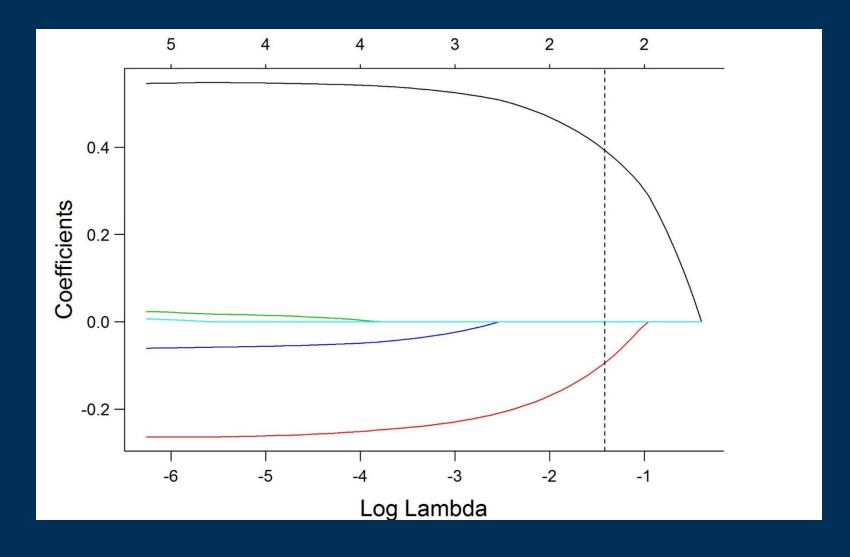


Lasso Regression



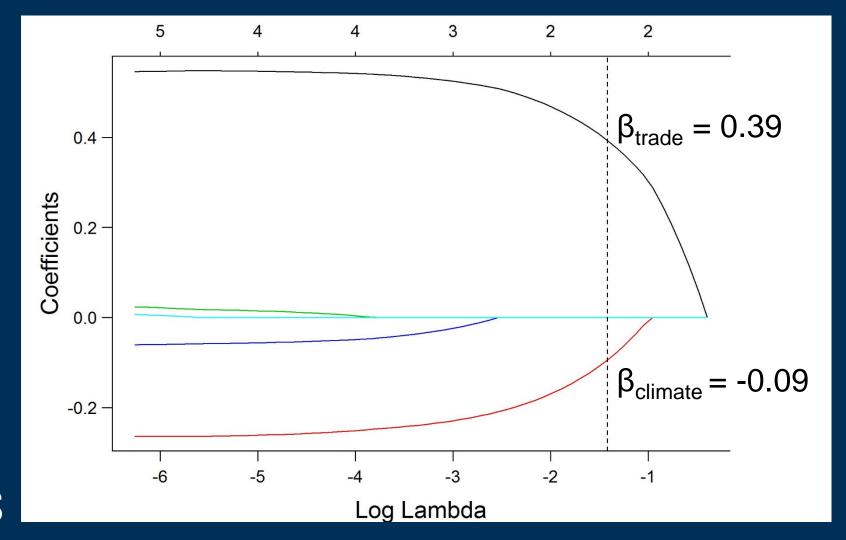


Lasso Regression





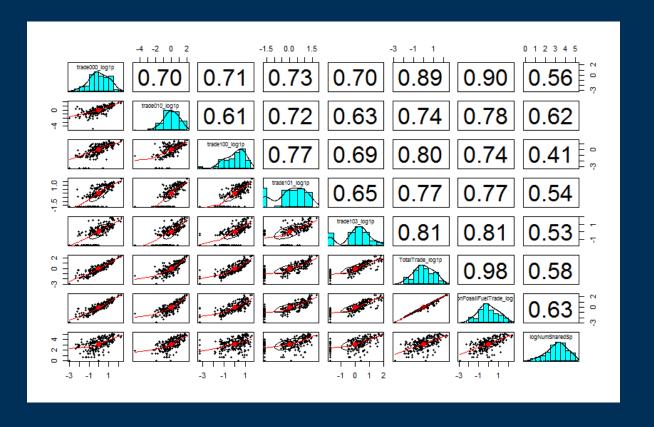
Trade is four times as important as climate





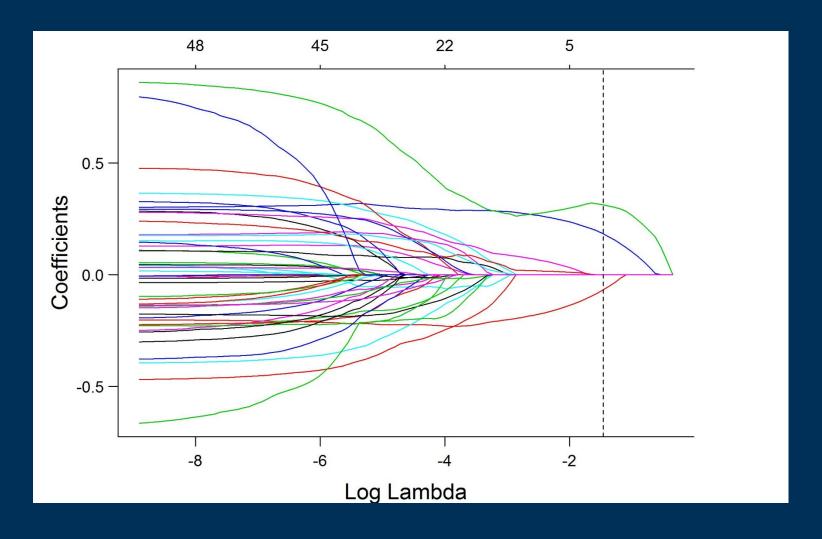
Role of different types of trade

- 43 categories based on US Census 3-digit end-use codes
- Certain types of trade should constitute higher risk:
 - Nursery plants
 - Lumber
 - Agricultural products



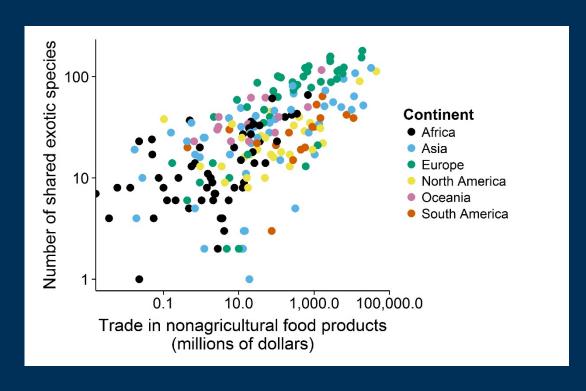


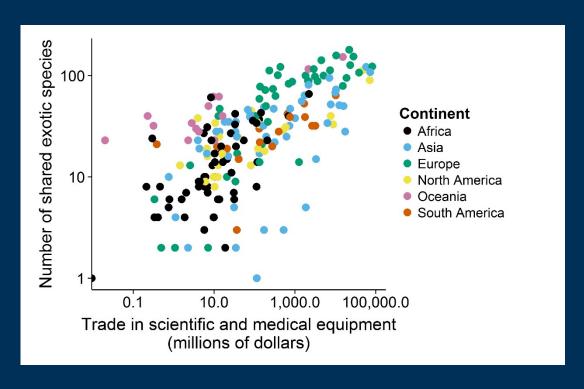
Variable selection using lasso





A priori categories were not selected



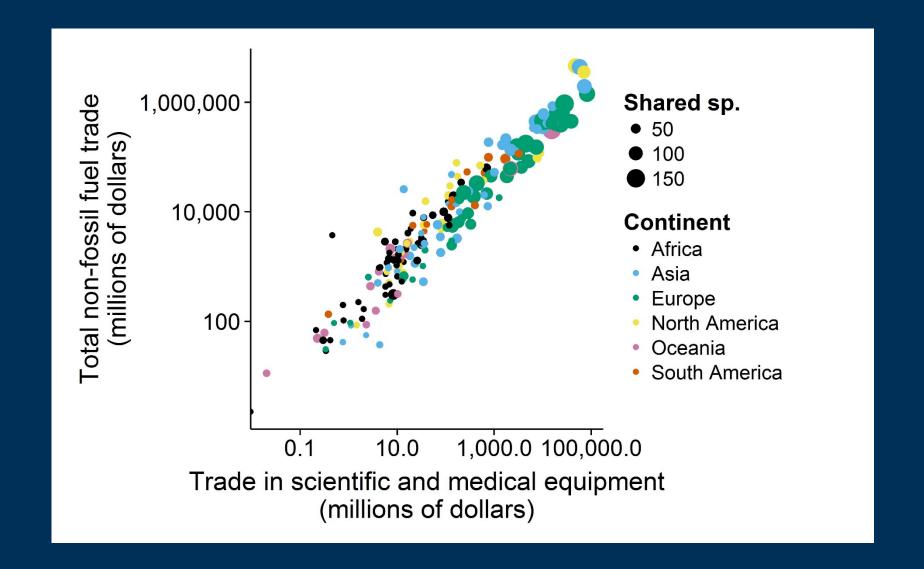


 $\beta = 0.18$

 $\beta = 0.31$



Correlation between measures of trade





Conclusions and next steps

- History of economic and social connections is most important predictor of number of shared exotic species
- Climatic similarity also plays a role
 - Less support for effects of diversity, disturbance, area, distance
- Ongoing work:
 - Numbers of species shared between US states
 - Elastic-net regression



Acknowledgements

- Mendenhall Postdoctoral Fellowship
- USGS Invasive Species Science Branch



